time salaried veterinary officer of the national Government of the exporting region. Upon arrival of the live poultry, poultry meat, or other poultry product in the United States, the certification must be presented to an authorized inspector at the port of arrival.

- (b) Live poultry. The certification accompanying live poultry must identify the exporting region of the poultry as a region designated in §94.6 as free of END at the time the poultry were in the region and must state that:
- (1) The poultry have not been in contact with poultry or poultry products from any region where END is considered to exist;
- (2) The poultry have not lived in a region where END is considered to exist; and
- (3) The poultry have not transited through a region where END is considered to exist unless moved directly through the region in a sealed means of conveyance with the seal intact upon arrival at the point of destination.
- (c) Poultry meat or other poultry products. The certification accompanying poultry meat or other poultry products must state that:
- (1) The poultry meat or other poultry products are derived from poultry that meet all requirements of this section and that have been slaughtered in a region designated in §94.6 as free of END at a federally inspected slaughter plant that is under the direct supervision of a full-time salaried veterinarian of the national Government of the exporting region and that is approved to export poultry meat and other poultry products to the United States in accordance with §381.196 of this title;
- (2) The poultry meat or other poultry products have not been in contact with poultry meat or other poultry products from any region where END is considered to exist;
- (3) The poultry meat or other poultry products have not transited through a region where END is considered to exist unless moved directly through the region in a sealed means of conveyance with the seal intact upon arrival at the point of destination; and
- (4) If processed, the poultry meat or other poultry products were processed in a region designated in §94.6 as free of

END in a federally inspected processing plant that is under the direct supervision of a full-time salaried veterinarian of the national Government of the exporting region.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0579-0228)

[69 FR 3823, Jan. 27, 2004. Redesignated at 70 FR 550, Jan. 4, 2005, as amended at 71 FR 4813, Jan. 30, 2006]

§ 94.27 Importation of whole cuts of boneless beef from Japan.

Notwithstanding the provisions of §94.18, whole cuts of boneless beef derived from cattle that were born, raised, and slaughtered in Japan may be imported into the United States under the following conditions:

- (a) The beef is prepared in an establishment that is eligible to have its products imported into the United States under the Federal Meat Inspection Act (21 U.S.C. 601 et seq.) and the regulations in 9 CFR 327.2 and the beef meets all other applicable requirements of the Federal Meat Inspection Act and regulations thereunder (9 CFR chapter III), including the requirements for removal of SRMs and the prohibition on the use of air-injection stunning devices prior to slaughter on cattle from which the beef is derived.
- (b) The beef is derived from cattle that were not subjected to a pithing process at slaughter.
- (c) An authorized veterinary official of the Government of Japan certifies on an original certificate that the above conditions have been met.

[70 FR 73918, Dec. 14, 2005, as amended at 75 FR 65432, Oct. 25, 2010]

PART 95—SANITARY CONTROL OF ANIMAL BYPRODUCTS (EXCEPT CASINGS), AND HAY AND STRAW, OFFERED FOR ENTRY INTO THE UNITED STATES

Sec.

95.1 Definitions.

95.2 Region of origin.

- 95.3 Byproducts from diseased animals prohibited.
- 95.4 Restrictions on the importation of processed animal protein, offal, tankage, fat, glands, certain tallow other than tallow derivatives, and blood and blood